# 2 Weight



#### **Purpose**

Clients should be monitored regularly for changes in blood pressure, weight and foot problems. If problems are identified earlier, the doctor and/or nurse can be alerted sooner, and problems can be dealt with sooner before they get worse.

Measuring weight is important because it helps determine whether or not a client is overweight or obese. Obesity can lead to diabetes, and reducing obesity can help improve diabetes. However, you need to know the height as well as the weight to determine if someone is obese. Someone who is 160lbs and 5 feet is obese, but someone of the same weight and 6 feet is not; the extra weight is due to more muscle and bone, not fat.

Height is used to calculate the Body Mass Index (BMI) according to a special formula. "Ideal" is from 18 to25; "overweight" is from 25 to 29; and "obese" is 30 or higher. (You don't need to know this formula; you just have to enter weight and height in the registry, and BMI will be automatically calculated.)

Checking the feet is important because people with diabetes lose their sensation and may not notice small cuts or tears in the skin. These problems can quickly get worse if not identified early and treated. Complications of cuts or ulcers include infections, which if not treated early enough can lead to severed infections, and even amputation.



### **Roles**

The CHW's role is to do physical assessments on clients deemed at "high-risk", those who have very poor control of their diabetes and require more support.

See section I below on how these clients will be identified. CHWs will use the CHW Diabetes Clinical Assessment Log sheet paper form to record visit information.

CHW Training Manual Measuring Weight



## **Prep**

1. Tell client that you will measure their weight.

"I'd like to take your weight now. We want to make sure it's healthy for your height. Do you have any questions?"

2. Ensure that client removes shoes, heavy clothing, items in pockets.

"Please remove your shoes, heavy clothing, and things in your pockets that can add weight. Then, please step on the scale."

- 3. Check that scale is working.
- 4. Check that scale is at zero.



#### Do

5. Have client stand on scale (if a sliding scale, move weights until it balances).



## Record

6. Accurately record client's weight on the Log sheet.